

This is a digital copy of a book that was preserved for generations on library shelves before it was carefully scanned by Google as part of a project to make the world's books discoverable online.

It has survived long enough for the copyright to expire and the book to enter the public domain. A public domain book is one that was never subject to copyright or whose legal copyright term has expired. Whether a book is in the public domain may vary country to country. Public domain books are our gateways to the past, representing a wealth of history, culture and knowledge that's often difficult to discover.

Marks, notations and other marginalia present in the original volume will appear in this file - a reminder of this book's long journey from the publisher to a library and finally to you.

Usage guidelines

Google is proud to partner with libraries to digitize public domain materials and make them widely accessible. Public domain books belong to the public and we are merely their custodians. Nevertheless, this work is expensive, so in order to keep providing this resource, we have taken steps to prevent abuse by commercial parties, including placing technical restrictions on automated querying.

We also ask that you:

- + *Make non-commercial use of the files* We designed Google Book Search for use by individuals, and we request that you use these files for personal, non-commercial purposes.
- + Refrain from automated querying Do not send automated queries of any sort to Google's system: If you are conducting research on machine translation, optical character recognition or other areas where access to a large amount of text is helpful, please contact us. We encourage the use of public domain materials for these purposes and may be able to help.
- + *Maintain attribution* The Google "watermark" you see on each file is essential for informing people about this project and helping them find additional materials through Google Book Search. Please do not remove it.
- + *Keep it legal* Whatever your use, remember that you are responsible for ensuring that what you are doing is legal. Do not assume that just because we believe a book is in the public domain for users in the United States, that the work is also in the public domain for users in other countries. Whether a book is still in copyright varies from country to country, and we can't offer guidance on whether any specific use of any specific book is allowed. Please do not assume that a book's appearance in Google Book Search means it can be used in any manner anywhere in the world. Copyright infringement liability can be quite severe.

About Google Book Search

Google's mission is to organize the world's information and to make it universally accessible and useful. Google Book Search helps readers discover the world's books while helping authors and publishers reach new audiences. You can search through the full text of this book on the web at http://books.google.com/



Anglo-Japanese Treaties

53 91.8

Google



Bd. Jan. 1924



HARVARD LAW LIBRARY

GIFT OF

Senator Henry Cabot Lodge Received June 15,1922



GREAT BRITAIN. Treaties,

ANGLO-JAPANESE TREATIES

THREE ANGLO-JAPANESE TREATIES

AGREEMENT RELATIVE TO CHINA AND KOREA SIGNED AT LONDON, JANUARY 30, 1902

AGREEMENT. RESPECTING THE INTEGRITY OF CHINA

SIGNED AT LONDON, AUGUST 12, 1905

AGREEMENT RESPECTING THE INTEGRITY
OF CHINA
SIGNED AT LONDON, JULY 13, 1911



٥

PRESENTED BY MR. McCORMICK
MARCH 9 (calendar day, MARCH 11), 1922.—Ordered to be printed

WASHINGTON
GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE
1922

JUN 15 1922

ANGLO-JAPANESE TREATIES.

GREAT BRITAIN AND JAPAN.

AGREEMENT RELATIVE TO CHINA AND KOREA.

(January 30, 1902.)

The Governments of Great Britain and Japan, actuated solely by a desire to maintain the status quo and general peace in the extreme East, being moreover specially interested in maintaining the independence and territorial integrity of the Empire of China and the Empire of Korea, and in securing equal opportunities in those countries for the commerce and industry of all nations, hereby agree as follows:

ARTICLE I. The High Contracting Parties having mutually recognized the independence of China and of Korea, declare themselves to be entirely uninfluenced by any aggressive tendencies in either country. Having in view, however, their special interests, of which those of Great Britain relate principally to China, while Japan, in addition to the interests which she possesses in China, is interested in a peculiar degree politically as well as commercially and industrially in Korea, the High Contracting Parties recognize that it will be admissible for their of them to take such measures as may be indispensable in order safeguard those interests if threatened either by the aggressive ion of any other Power, or by disturbances arising in China or rea, and necessitating the intervention of either of the High Con-

ting Parties for the protection of the lives and property of its lects.

RTICLE II. If either Great Britain or Japan, in the defence of respective interests as above described, should become involved tar with another Power, the other High Contracting Party will tain a strict neutrality, and use its efforts to prevent other Powers a joining in hostilities against its ally.

TILL III. If, in the above event, any other Power or Powers ild join in hostilities against that ally, the other High Contracting ty will come to its assistance, and will conduct the war in com-

4, and make peace in mutual agreement with it.

RETICLE IV. The High Contracting Parties agree that neither of m will, without consulting the other, enter into separate arrangets with another Power to the prejudice of the interests above debed.

PRTICLE V. Whenever, in the opinion of either Great Britain or pan, the above-mentioned interests are in jeopardy, the two Govments will communicate with one another fully and frankly.

ARTICLE VI. The present Agreement shall come into effect immediately after the date of its signature, and remain in force for five

years from that date.

In case neither of the High Contracting Parties should have notified twelve months before the expiration of the said five years the intention of terminating it, it shall remain binding until the expiration of one year from the day on which either of the High Contracting Parties shall have denounced it. But if, when the date fixed for its expiration arrives, either ally is actually engaged in war, the alliance shall, ipso facto, continue until peace is concluded.

In faith whereof the undersigned, duly authorized by their respective Governments, have signed this agreement and have affixed

thereto their seals.

Done in duplicate at London, the 30th day of January, 1902.

Lansdowne,
His Britannic Majesty's Principal
Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs.
Hayashi,

Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary of His Majesty the Emperor of Japan at the Court of St. James.

GREAT BRITAIN AND JAPAN.

AGREEMENT RESPECTING THE INTEGRITY OF CHINA, THE GENERAL PEACE OF EASTERN ASIA AND INDIA, AND THE TERRITORIAL RIGHTS AND SPECIAL INTERESTS OF THE PARTIES IN THOSE REGIONS.

(August 12, 1905.)

The Governments of Great Britain and Japan, being desirous of replacing the Agreement concluded between them on the 30th January, 1902, by fresh stipulations, have agreed upon the following Articles, which have for their object:—

(a) The consolidation and maintenance of the general peace in the

regions of Eastern Asia and of India;

(b) The preservation of the common interests of all Powers in China by insuring the independence and integrity of the Chinese Empire and the principle of equal opportunities for the commerce and industry of all nations in China;

(c) The maintenance of the territorial rights of the High Contracting Parties in the regions of Eastern Asia and of India, and

the defence of their special interests in the said regions:

ARTICLE I. It is agreed that whenever, in the opinion of either Great Britain or Japan, any of the rights and interests referred to in the preamble of this Agreement are in jeopardy, the two Governments will communicate with one another fully and frankly, and will consider in common the measures which should be taken to safeguard those menaced rights or interests.

ARTICLE II. If by reason of unprovoked attack or aggressive action, wherever arising, on the part of any other Power or Powers either Contracting Party should be involved in war in defence of its

territorial rights or special interests mentioned in the preamble of this Agreement, the other Contracting Party will at once come to the assistance of its Ally, and will conduct the war in common, and

make peace in mutual agreement with it.

ARTICLE III. Japan possessing paramount Political, military, and economic interests in Korea, Great Britain recognizes the right of Japan to take such measures of guidance, control, and protection in Korea as she may deem proper and necessary to safeguard and advance those interests, provided always that such measures are not contrary to the principle of equal opportunities for the commerce and industry of all nations.

ARTICLE IV. Great Britain having a special interest in all that concerns the security of the Indian frontier, Japan recognizes her right to take such measures in the proximity of that frontier as she

may find necessary for safeguarding her Indian possessions.

ARTICLE V. The High Contracting Parties agree that neither of them will, without consulting the other, enter into separate arrangements with another power to the prejudice of the objects described

in the Preamble of this Agreement.

ARTICLE VI. As regards the present war between Japan and Russia, Great Britain will continue to maintain strict neutrality unless some other Power or Powers should join in hostilities against Japan, in which case Great Britain will come to the assistance of Japan, and will conduct the war in common, and make peace in mutual agreement with Japan.

ARTICLE VII. The conditions under which armed assistance shall be afforded by either Power to the other in the circumstances mentioned in the present Agreement, and the means by which such assistance is to be made available, will be arranged by the Naval and Military authorities of the Contracting Parties, who will from time to time consult one another fully and freely upon all questions of mutual interest.

ARTICLE VIII. The present Agreement shall, subject to the provisions of Article VI., come into effect immediately after the date of its signature, and remain in force for ten years from that date.

In case neither of the High Contracting Parties should have notified twelve months before the expiration of the said ten years the intention of terminating it, it shall remain binding until the expiration of one year from the day on which either of the High Contracting Parties shall have denounced it. But if, when the date fixed for its expiration arrives, either ally is actually engaged in war, the alliance shall, ipso facto, continue until peace is concluded. Done in duplicate at London, the 12th day of August, 1905.

LANSDOWNE

His Britannic Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs

TADASU HAYASHI
E. E. and M. P. of His Majesty the Emperor of
Japan at the Court of St. James

GREAT BRITAIN AND JAPAN.

AGREEMENT RESPECTING THE INTEGRITY OF CHINA, THE GENERAL PEACE OF EASTERN ASIA AND INDIA, AND THE TERRITORIAL RIGHTS AND SPECIAL INTERESTS OF THE PARTIES IN THOSE REGIONS.

(July 13, 1911.)

PREAMBLE.

The Government of Great Britain and the Government of Japan, having in view the important changes which have taken place in the situation since the conclusion of the Anglo-Japanese Agreement of the 12th August, 1905, and believing that a revision of that Agreement responding to such changes would contribute to general stability and repose, have agreed upon the following stipulations to replace the agreement above mentioned, such stipulations having the same object as the said Agreement, namely:

(a) The consolidation and maintenance of the general peace in the

regions of Eastern Asia and of India;

(b) The preservation of the common interests of all Powers in China by insuring the independence and integrity of the Chinese Empire and the principle of equal opportunities for the commerce and industry of all nations in China;

(c) The maintenance of the territorial rights of the High Contracting Parties in the regions of Eastern Asia and of India, and the

defence of their special interests in the said regions:

ARTICLE I. It is agreed that whenever, in the opinion of either Great Britain or Japan, any of the rights and interests referred to in the preamble of this Agreement are in jeopardy, the two Governments will communicate with one another fully and frankly, and will consider in common the measures which should be taken to safe-

guard those menaced rights or interests.

ARTICLE II. If by reason of unprovoked attack or aggressive action, wherever arising, on the part of any Power or Powers, either High Contracting Party should be involved in war in defence of its territorial rights or special interests mentioned in the preamble of this Agreement, the other High Contracting Party will at once come to the assistance of its ally, and will conduct the war in common, and make peace in mutual agreement with it.

ARTICLE III. The High Contracting Parties agree that neither of them will, without consulting the other, enter into separate arrangements with another Power to the prejudice of the objects described

in the preamble of this Agreement.

ARTICLE IV. Should either High Contracting Party conclude a treaty of general arbitration with a third party, it is agreed that nothing in this Agreement shall entail upon such contracting Party an obligation to go to war with the Power with whom such treaty of arbitration is in force.

ARTICLE V. The conditions under which armed assistance shall be afforded by either Power to the other in the circumstances mentioned in the present Agreement, and the means by which such assistance is to be made available, will be arranged by the Naval and Military

authorities of the High Contracting Parties, who will from time to time consult one another fully and freely upon all questions of mutual interest.

ARTICLE VI. The present agreement shall come into effect immediately after the date of its signature, and remain in force for ten years from that date.

In case neither of the High Contracting Parties should have notified twelve months before the expiration of the said ten years the intention of terminating it, it shall remain binding until the expiration of one year from the day on which either of the High Contracting Parties shall have denounced it. But if, when the date fixed for its expiration arrives, either ally is actually engaged in war, the alliance shall, ipso facto, continue until peace is concluded.

In faith whereof the undersigned, duly authorized by their respective Governments, have signed this Agreement, and have affixed

thereto their Seals.

Done in duplicate at London, the 13th day of July, 1911.

E. Grey, His Britannic Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs.

TAKAAKI KATO,

Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary of His Majesty the Emperor of Japan at the Court of St. James.

